PROJECT NAME/DESCRIPTION	SPECIES BENEFITED	PROPONENT	LOCATION	IMPLEMENTATION TIMING	TOTAL MEASURE COST
FACTOR 1 - SCREENING OF UNSCREENED DIVERSION					
Patterson Fish Screen Project					
The purpose of this action is to improve the downstream survival of fall-run chinook salmon smolts in the San Joaquin River by installing a positive barrier fish screen to protect migrating fish. This fish screen is eligible for partial (up to 50%)	Fall-run chinook salmon, Sacramento splittail.	CDFG	Upper San Joaquin River	1995	\$2,000,000
funding through Section 3406(b)(21) of the CVPIA.				1996	
				1997	
				O&M (Annual)	Unknown
Parrott-Phelan Pumping Station (M & T Ranch) Project					
The purpose of this action is to restore Big Chico Creek salmon and steelhead populations. The operation of the unscreened M&T Pumps, located on Big Chico Creek, are a severe impediment to protecting and restoring spring-run	Winter, spring, fall and late-fall runs of salmon and	CDFG	Upper Sacramento River	1995	\$2,500,000
chinook. During many years, these pumps actually cause streamflow reversals during the critical downstream migration period and a 100% loss of downstream	steelhead trout, waterfowl.			1996	
migrants occurs. Further, adult spring chinook migrating up the Sacramento River have difficulty locating the mouth of Big Chico Creek when flows are				1997	
reversed. The preferred solution is to relocate the station to the mainstream of the Sacramento River and to install and operate a positive barrier fish screen. This project is eligible for partial (up to 50%) funding through Section 3406(b)(21) of the CVPIA				O&M (Annual)	Landowners
Lower Mokelumne Screening Project					
In the lower Mokelumne there have been as many as 91 pumps which divert water	Salmonids.	EBMUD	Northern Delta Lower Mokelumne	1995	-
for farming and ranching. The majority of these pump intakes are unscreened and the intake pipes are often located along the river bank where juvenile			River	1996	
salmonids migrate. The peak diversions coincide with the period of juvenile salmon and steelhead outmigration. This project would screen all unscreened				1997	<u></u>
diversions and improve those diversion canal screens which need improvement.				O&M (Annual)	\$1,000,000
TOTAL FACTOR 1 COSTS	1	.1	1	Capital O&M (Amual)	\$4,500,000 \$1,000,000

PROJECT NAME/DESCRIPTION	SPECIES BENEFITED	PROPONENT	LOCATION	IMPLEMENTATION TIMING	TOTAL MEASURE COST
FACTOR 2 - WASTE DISCHARGES Extension of the Biologically Integrated Orchard Systems (BIOS) Project The BIOS project is designed as a three-year information and technology transfer pollution prevention program for eliminating use of diazinon and reducing other pesticides used in California almond production. The proposed Category III measure seeks funding to expand the BIOS program to all major almond growing regions adjacent to the San Joaquin and Sacramento rivers.	Potentially all species.	USEPA	Butte, Glenn, Colusa, Yolo, San Joaquin, Stanislaus, Merced, and Madera counties.	1995 1996 1997 O&M (Annual)	\$800,000 \$640,000 \$560,000
TOTAL FACTOR 1 COSTS	<u></u>		<u></u>	Capital O&M (Amusi)	\$2,000,00
FACTOR 7 - LOSS OF RIPARIAN, WETLAND, AND ESTUARINE HABITATS Napa - Sonoma/Marsh Restoration Restore abandoned salt ponds to fish and wildlife habitat (mostly tidal restoration). Replace 48" pipe and slide gate with 2-48" pipes (or comparable) fitted with combination screw flap gates on both sides.	Delta smelt.	CDFG	San Francisco Bay	1995 1996 1997 O&M (Annual)	\$150,000 \$1,500
Prospect Island Restoration The proposal is to cost share in the restoration of 1,228 acres of tidal wetland/aquatic habitat. The land is currently in agricultural use. To restore the property to tidal habitat, the levees would be breached in two locations. Prior to breaching the levees, islands would be created by using materials on-site. Interior levees and islands would be stabilized using biotechnical techniques.	Delta smelt, Sacramento splittail and salmon.	COE/DWR	Northern Delta	1995 1996 1997 O&M (Annual) Monitoring (Annual)	\$5,400,000 \$4,600,000 — \$90,000 \$150,000 \$300,000

PROJECT NAME/DESCRIPTION	SPECIES BENEFITED	PROPONENT	LOCATION	IMPLEMENTATION TIMING	TOTAL MEASURE COST
FACTOR 7 - LOSS OF RIPARIAN, WETLAND, AND ESTUARINE HABITATS (Continued) Riparian Corridor Restoration on Flood-Damaged San Joaquin Tributaries Acquire about 6,000 acres of recently overflowed crop lands and manage them as riparian strips and seasonal wetlands to intercept and immobilize sediment and sediment-bound pesticides from San Joaquin River tributaries which now reach and degrade shallow-water-low-salinity Delta channels.	Potentially all species. species.	DWR	Upstream San Joaquin River	1995 1996 1997 O&M (Annual)	Project-level costs have not been evaluated
Restore anadromous fish production to approximately 40 miles of upper Battle Creek (above Coleman Hatchery) by purchasing portions of the power project or its power potential and return a sufficient portion of the total natural runoff to the stream channel to produce healthy self-sustaining populations of anadromous fish. In general, less than half the natural flow is proposed for return to the channel. Historically, Battle Creek produced large populations of chinook salmon, including spring-run chinook and some number of winter-run chinook and steelhead. Currently, upper Battle Creek is incapable of sustaining the production of chinook salmon and steelhead primarily due to the cumulative removal of over 95 percent of the base flow of the stream via a complex network of unscreened canals for hydroelectric power production operated by Pacific Gas and Electric Company.	Increase survival of spring-run and winter-run chinook salmon and steelhead.	CDFG	Upper Sacramento River	1995 1996 1997 O&M (Annual)	\$3,500,000 \$4,800,000 \$1,200,000 Unknowr

PROJECT NAME/DESCRIPTION	SPECIES BENEFITED	PROPONENT	LOCATION	IMPLEMENTATION TIMING	TOTAL MEASURE COST
FACTOR 7 - LOSS OF RIPARIAN, WETLAND, AND ESTUARINE HABITATS (Continued)					
Little Mandeville Restoration Project				1995	\$500,000
Purchase and restore as tidal wetland and shaded riverine habitat. The island is currently flooded. Following purchase, spoilt material would be deposited in	Delta, smelt, Sacramento splittail	CDFG	Northern Delta	1995	\$300,000
selected portions of the island to create a mosaic of open channels and emergent	and salmonids.			1996	\$400,000
wetland habitat.				1997	\$100,000
				O&M (Endowment)	\$150,000
Gravel Restoration on Mokelumne River					
Addition of gravel to enhance salmon spawning habitat and to optimize habitat by	Salmon.	EBMUD	Northern Delta Mokelumne River	1995	
стеating spawning berms.			(Below Camanche Dam)	1996	
·				1997	_
				O&M (Annual)	\$50,000
			1	Capital	\$20,650,000
TOTAL FACTOR 7 COSTS				O&M (Annual)	\$366,500
				O&M (Endowment)	\$150,000

PROJECT NAME/DESCRIPTION	SPECIES BENEFITED	PROPONENT	LOCATION	IMPLEMENTATION TIMING	TOTAL MEASURE COST
FACTOR 8 - CHANNEL ALTERATIONS					
Cosumnes River Watershed Project					
The proposed project consists of three components: 1) the purchase of conservation	Aquatic (salmon) and	TNC	Northern Delta	1995	\$575,000
easements along the Cosumnes River (within the prescribed boundaries of the Bay-Delta) and subsequent restoration of these areas to riparian habitats, with a	avian species.			1996	\$ 325,000
focus on areas of bank and levee instability; 2) the evaluation and modification of the fish ladder at a diversion dam for Rancho Murietta water supplies; and 3) the				1997	\$375,000
analysis and enhancement of the fall-run salmon spawning gravels to determine present conditions and restoration and/or enhancement needs.				O&M (Endowment)	\$ 50,000
				O&M (Annual)	\$4,000
Riparian Restoration Sacramento River (Verona to Colusa)					
This project would consist of planting native riparian vegetation on riverside levee toe berms and riprapped waterward edges of those berms. The project would utilize	Benefits to aquatic	WCB	Upper Sacramento River	1995	\$540,000
locally available vegetation, and would require approximately three year post-	habitat and salmon.			1996	
planting maintenance, consisting mainly of watering, weeding, and monitoring. Each site is a nearly-level berm approximately forty-feet wide, and would provide				1997	
nearly ten acres of riparian habitat where none presently occurs.				O&M (Annual)	Unknown
			1	Capital	\$1.815,000
TOTAL FACTOR 8 COSTS				O&M (Endowment)	\$50,000
				O&M (Annual)	\$4,000

PROJECT NAME/DESCRIPTION	SPECIES BENEFITED	PROPONENT	LOCATION	IMPLEMENTATION TIMING	TOTAL MEASURE COST
FACTOR 9 - FISH PASSAGE/BARRIERS Clough Dam Removal Project The purpose of this action is to improve the up- and downstream passage of adult and juvenile spring-run chinook salmon and steelhead. Clough Dam is privately owned and has a fish ladder. Although the ladder operates reasonably well, there are frequent problems that hinder the entrance of salmon and steelhead. The overall	Spring-run chinook salmon and steelhead.	CDFG	Upper Sacramento River	1995	\$2,000,000
result is often a delay in the upstream passage of adults.				1996	
				1997	
				O&M (Annual)	Unknown
		l	I	Capital	\$2,000,000
TOTAL FACTOR 9 COSTS				O&M (Endowment) O&M (Annual)	Unknown

PROJECT NAME/DESCRIPTION	SPECIES BENEFITED	PROPONENT	LOCATION	IMPLEMENTATION TIMING	TOTAL MEASURE COST
FACTOR 10 - ARTIFICIAL PROPAGATION Captive Breeding/Artifical Propagation of Delta Smelt					
Development of methods and techniques for captive breeding and artificial	Delta Smelt.	UC Davis	NA	1995	\$100,000
propagation of Delta smelt including broodstock maturation, tank spawning, egg incubation, larval rearing and fish health managment.				1996	
				1997	
				O&M (Annual)	\$270,000
Sacramento River Winter-Run Chinook Salmon Captive Broodstock Program This proposal requests partial support of the existing Winter Run Chinook Captive Broodstock Program (WRCCB). The WRCCB project is a large	Winter-run chinook Salmon.	PCFFA	Upper Sacramento River	1995	\$80,000
multi-agency activity that is utilizing new technologies to preserve the state and federally ESA-Listed Sacramento River Winter Run Chinook.				1996	
				1997	
				O&M (Annual)	\$952,000
' ·					
TOTAL FACTOR 10 COSTS				Capital O&M (Annual)	\$180,000 \$270,000

		Canital \$31.145.000
TOTAL COSTS OF ALL FACTORS		(LEM (Annual) \$1,640,599
		O&M (Endowment) \$200,000